



TZ-CERT HONEYPOTS WEEKLY REPORT

Period : 29th of January – 4th of February, 2023

Report No.: TZ-CERT/WRHP/2023/5

1. NETWORK ATTACKS

A total of **335,910** attacks have been recorded compared to last week **231,875** attacks within the period of this report. The top 10 Network attacks with malicious IPs, commonly used usernames and passwords is as in **table1** below:

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | USERNAMES | PASSWORDS |
|-----|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. | 1.116.139.19 | root | admin |
| 2. | 171.225.184.208 | sa | password |
| 3. | 171.225.184.184 | support | qwerty123456 |
| 4. | 193.105.134.95 | ubuntu | 123456 |
| 5. | 171.225.184.247 | guest | 666666 |
| 6. | 91.121.172.204 | user | RIP000 |
| 7. | 195.3.147.52 | ftpuser | default |
| 8. | 171.225.184.90 | test | Win1doW\$ |
| 9. | 45.87.105.81 | Administator | support |
| 10. | 171.225.184.112 | 3comcso | cameras |

Table1: Top 10 Network attacking IP

Most of the usernames and passwords listed are commonly used, thus its advised review of usernames and password be made to avoid use of above listed credentials and default ones. Use of password policies is the best practice.

2. MALICIOUS SOFTWARE (MALWARE)

During the week the sensors recorded, a total of **964,783** malicious software distributed compared to last week in which was **122,450**.

Below listed are top ten malicious software and their hashes.

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | MALICIOUS SOFTWARE | HASHES(SHA256) |
|----|---------------|---|--|
| 1. | 41.59.203.31 | Trojan Horse | c801a195cb85ddc6bfe 5b95114a078b9be030 d80cedeceba1e4c20d3 858418aa |
| 2. | 196.41.222.98 | Trojan.Generic.31654391 | a0035ef408f06db49ad a52f30fc42451689a1b 1086759a373a056563 53a14ead |
| 3. | 41.78.64.254 | TrojWare.Script.TrojanDow nloader.Agent. | c70ca8df777bfc5a77d0 6eb625a0e6d7afdcd56 3df02a2d16de95813ae 717a31 |
| 4. | 41.59.211.41 | HEUR:Trojan- | db06a40d33db2416bcc |

| | | | |
|-----|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Downloader.Shell.Agent.p | 452736ad5ee7b4035c 457b3f7d559b05ec200 d6a8c7a5 |
| 5. | 196.41.222.5 | HEUR:Trojan-Downloader.Shell.Agent.bc | 7aa6518ffe1f152fe800 886311d208b4387a06 9b5b06f82a3c1c7cd61 67e90be |
| 6. | 41.59.86.254 | Trojan.Linux.Generic.246192 | a37b519f4146749aef1 e3ff0d5a76ef4cf96599 27a4a4db527e22309cc 988cd0 |
| 7. | 41.59.41.28 | Linux.MiraiTrojan.Linux.GenericKD.40003689 | ea40ecec0b30982fbb1 662e67f97f0e9d6f43d2 d587f2f588525fae683a bea73 |
| 8. | 41.77.26.121 | Trojan.Linux.GenericKD.40003689 | 48409bbbe5559ec2ea e71fcd8dcdb5ebe7472 ef864eabcdca427660 287e0fc |
| 9. | 118.122.217.142 | HEUR:Trojan-DDoS.Linux.Xarcen.d | ed902957efb11382546 f2cff80e5284832f7f53c 4e2b82b9d181c1f3ef6 5513f |
| 10. | 41.59.203.192 | Trojan.Win32.Eb.dqb | cdf16795ec6ea385785 1ece799fbe687e0b646 a3f555ebd34199a6450 0b705eb |

Table2: Top 10 Malicious attacking IP

3. WEB ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of **9,247** web attacks compared to last week which was **4,032**.

From the table the top 10 web-based attacks and their associated requests sent to web servers for the period between 29th of January – 4th of February, 2023, are detailed. The requests are the payloads.

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | TOP URI |
|----|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | 192.151.144.58 | / |
| 2. | 45.148.119.152 | //admin/config.php |
| 3. | 183.136.225.32 | /users/sign_in |
| 4. | 72.251.235.155 | /boaform/admin/formLogin |
| 5. | 179.43.177.242 | /favicon.ico |
| 6. | 121.173.126.140 | /admin/config.php |

| | | |
|-----|----------------|---|
| 7. | 103.77.188.30 | /robots.txt |
| 8. | 109.237.96.124 | /admin/config.php?password%5B0%5D=ZIZO&username=admin |
| 9. | 193.32.162.159 | /.env |
| 10. | 1.13.8.48 | /adcr.nhn |

Table3: Top 10 web attacking IP

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Honeypot sensors have recorded IP addresses with most common malware used in the world today. Monitoring of the listed IP address is advised and further to:

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- 4.1 Note that most of malicious IP addresses captured are also listed as malicious IP addresses in other sources that are also observing security attacks; thus, security measures should be considered to counter act, including monitoring of the IPs in networks. Most likely the same resources might be used for further attacks.
- 4.2 Discourage usage of listed login resources (usernames and passwords) and consider deploying mechanisms to monitor login attempts.
- 4.3 Thoroughly check for suspicious files of hashes listed in **Table 2**.
- 4.4 Deploy Intrusion Detection System (IDS) and configure to flag detection of attacks associated with list of resources provided especially the IP addresses and the web requests.