TZ-CERT HONEYPOTS WEEKLY REPORT
Period : $24^{\text {th }}$ to $30^{\text {th }}$ of September, 2023
Report No.: TZ-CERT/WRHP/2023/39

## 1. NETWORK ATTACKS

A total of 46,446 attacks have been recorded compared to last week 45,696 attacks within the period of this report. The top 10 Network attacks with malicious IPs, commonly used usernames and passwords is as in table1 below:

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | USERNAMES | PASSWORDS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 218.92 .0 .92 | root | root |
| 2. | 139.59 .21 .27 | admin | admin |
| 3. | 185.246 .128 .133 | (empty) | 1234 |
| 4. | 193.105 .134 .95 | guest | 12345 |
| 5. | 41.78 .73 .146 | supervisor | password |
| 6. | 41.78 .75 .186 | user | 123456 |
| 7. | 41.78 .174 .124 | 3comcso | (empty) |
| 8. | 14.194 .10 .253 | test | user |
| 9. | 183.83 .217 .240 | ubnt | 1111 |
| 10. | 135.125 .240 .201 | Administrator | Daniel12 |

Table1: Top 10 Network attacking IP
Most of the usernames and passwords listed are commonly used, thus its advised review of usernames and password be made to avoid use of the above listed credentials and default ones. Use of password policies is the best practice.

## 2. MALICIOUS SOFTWARE (MALWARE)

During the week the sensors recorded, a total of $\mathbf{3 , 5 3 9}$ malicious software distributed compared to last week in which was 1,755 .

Below listed are top ten malicious software and their hashes.

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | MALICIOUS SOFTWARE | HASHES(SHA256) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 125.116 .212 .38 | trojan.xorddos/ddos | fc4ad4bd76c21eeec817 <br> d7c227459fad6fd9f5e9c |
|  |  |  | $860242297 f 28977 f 7752$ <br> $94 e$ |
| 2. | 95.154 .84 .68 | miner. | d6834b311280f9074b74 <br> d20ba2025e33e27460e <br>  |
|  |  |  | 197c132729e90c030dd |
|  |  |  | 893d18 |
| 3. | 183.194 .96 .118 | trojan.hajime/genericrxhy | a04ac6d98ad98931278 <br> 3d4fe3456c53730b212c |
|  |  |  | 79a426fb215708b6c6da <br> a3de3 |


| 4. | 222.243.156.40 | trojan.hajime/genericrxic | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d5601202dff3017db238 } \\ & \text { 145ff21857415f663031a } \\ & \text { ca9b3d534bec8991b12 } \\ & \text { 179a } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. | 41.78.174.124 | trojan.hajime/genericrxic | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d5601202dff3017db238 } \\ & \text { 145ff21857415f663031a } \\ & \text { ca9b3d534bec8991b12 } \\ & \text { 179a } \end{aligned}$ |
| 6. | 41.78.75.186 | trojan.xorddos/ddos | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ea40ecec0b30982fbb16 } \\ & \text { 62e67f97f0e9d6f43d2d5 } \\ & 87 f 2 f 588525 f a e 683 a b e a \\ & 73 \end{aligned}$ |
| 7. | 41.78.73.146 | trojan.xorddos/ddos | dc2279cbb01ed9d179c 6914f1a72ac2c1f92189 20d90904b02d1f7781c1 0736c |
| 8. | 41.78.169.54 | trojan. | ac80f84043b824c7e0b6 <br> 8dee20412bc51177d3c <br> 8db61f5aeea90655969e 66507 |
| 9. | 50.31.21.10 | trojan. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8b3048631a205ae64d4 } \\ & \text { 90f8805708192a200bae } \\ & 303 f 4 d 138338247 e 5 a 97 \\ & 380 \mathrm{e} 8 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10. | 125.116.212.38 | trojan.multiverze | ```ce98656dba7fcf84a3c5 83f23fe936cc5f9d0a833 2bb298063322693c4f3c f9e``` |

Table2: Top 10 Malicious attacking IP

## 3. WEB ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of $\mathbf{6 , 5 8 0}$ web attacks compared to last week which was 688.

From the table the top 10 web-based attacks and their associated requests sent to web servers for the period between $24^{\text {th }}$ to $30^{\text {th }}$ September, 2023, are detailed. The requests are the payloads.

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | TOP URI |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 3.108 .1 .218 |  |
| 2. | 41.78 .174 .124 | users/sign_in |
| 3. | 41.78 .169 .54 | /boaform/admin/formLogin |
| 4. | 41.78 .73 .146 | .env |
| 5. | 41.78 .75 .186 | rrobots.txt |
| 6. | 109.237 .96 .124 | favicon.ico |


| 7. | 109.237 .96 .251 | lindex.php |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8. | 45.156 .129 .12 | .git/config |
| 9. | 85.114 .102 .58 | TTemporary_Listen_Addresses/ |
| 10. | 139.59 .74 .136 | $\% 00 /$ |

Table3: Top 10 web attacking IP

## 4. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Honeypot sensors have recorded IP addresses with most common malware used in the world today. Monitoring of the listed IP address is advised and further to: -
4.1 Note that most of malicious IP addresses captured are also listed as malicious IP addresses in other sources that are also observing security attacks; thus, security measures should be considered to counter act, including monitoring of the IPs in networks. Most likely the same resources might be used for further attacks.
4.2 Discourage usage of listed login resources (usernames and passwords) and consider deploying mechanisms to monitor login attempts.
4.3 Thoroughly check for suspicious files of hashes listed in Table 2.
4.4 Deploy Intrusion Detection System (IDS) and configure to flag detection of attacks associated with list of resources provided especially the IP addresses and the web requests.

