



TZ-CERT HONEYPOTS WEEKLY REPORT
Period: 29th October to 4th of November, 2023
Report No.: TZ-CERT/WRHP/2023/44

1. NETWORK ATTACKS

A total of **91,928** attacks have been recorded compared to last week **14,982** attacks within the period of this report. The top 10 Network attacks with malicious IPs, commonly used usernames and passwords is as in **table1** below:

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | USERNAMES | PASSWORDS |
|-----|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. | 89.183.39.92 | root | root |
| 2. | 151.238.154.216 | admin | admin |
| 3. | 193.105.134.95 | PlcmSplp | 123456 |
| 4. | 185.246.128.133 | (empty) | 12345 |
| 5. | 41.78.73.146 | ubnt | PlcmSplp |
| 6. | 41.78.75.186 | guest | (empty) |
| 7. | 165.227.47.17 | cameras | password |
| 8. | 170.64.170.6 | 3Comsco | ubnt |
| 9. | 93.179.90.178 | supervisor | adminHW |
| 10. | 143.110.188.140 | factory | 54321 |

Table1: Top 10 Network attacking IP

Most of the usernames and passwords listed are commonly used, thus its advised review of usernames and password be made to avoid use of the above listed credentials and default ones. Use of password policies is the best practice.

2. MALICIOUS SOFTWARE (MALWARE)

During the week the sensors recorded, a total of **100,425** malicious software distributed compared to last week in which was **7,053**.

Below listed are top ten malicious software and their hashes.

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | MALICIOUS SOFTWARE | HASHES(SHA256) |
|----|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| 1. | 103.99.207.146 | trojan.mirai/cryp | 8127f8c730ffe7f767bec 28b083dc7f1acd797399 f712a201e991f39b9716 b6f |
| 2. | 196.189.8.22 | downloader.bash/miraib | 1276e2b8c6b6eaa3b89 4dc0dc5d537c19b1d8a 0e9a82943b364e1c260 5e38ed8 |
| 3. | 101.2.162.121 | trojan.hajime/genericrxhu | 020f1fa6072108c79ed6f 553f4f8b08e157bf17f9c 260a76353300230fed09 f0 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| 4. | 112.135.208.161 | trojan.hajime/genericrxhy | a04ac6d98ad98931278 3d4fe3456c53730b212c 79a426fb215708b6c6da a3de3 |
| 5. | 113.109.196.6 | trojan.hajime/genericrxic | d5601202dff3017db238 145ff21857415f663031a ca9b3d534bec8991b12 179a |
| 6. | 113.161.184.10 | trojan.xorddos/ddos | ea40ecec0b30982fbb16 62e67f97f0e9d6f43d2d5 87f2f588525fae683abea 73 |
| 7. | 196.202.72.23 | trojan.xorddos/ddos | 0291de841b47fe19557c 2c999ae131cd571eb61 782a109b9ef5b4a4944b 6e76d |
| 8. | 196.221.206.182 | trojan. | e91b36bc7495acbbebf da1c6c3b17e8ea4bbcb 42e85137f814377f482fa 9fc6 |
| 9. | 78.85.200.253 | trojan.hajime/genericrxhy | a04ac6d98ad98931278 3d4fe3456c53730b212c 79a426fb215708b6c6da a3de3 |
| 10. | 91.98.58.52 | trojan | 57e224a416820d22ae9 5d577c1df71a043ad51c 0d6204b80c0a68a8c91 20d167 |

Table2: Top 10 Malicious attacking IP

3. WEB ATTACKS

During the week the sensors recorded a total of **2,120** web attacks compared to last week which was **328**.

From the table below, the top 10 web-based attacks and their associated requests sent to web servers for the period between 29th October to 4th of November, 2023, are detailed. The requests are the payloads.

| SN | ATTACKING IPS | TOP URI |
|----|----------------|---|
| 1. | 72.251.232.180 | / |
| 2. | 41.78.75.186 | /users/sign_in |
| 3. | 102.68.79.231 | /admin/config.php |
| 4. | 109.237.96.124 | /admin/config.php?password%5B0%5D=ZIZO&username=admin |
| 5. | 41.78.169.54 | /adcr.nhn |

| | | |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| 6. | 41.78.73.146 | /favicon.ico |
| 7. | 117.132.188.204 | /boaform/admin/formLogin |
| 8. | 121.173.126.140 | /.env |
| 9. | 152.32.247.22 | /a2billing/admin/Public/index.php |
| 10. | 60.217.75.70 | /robots.txt |

Table3: Top 10 web attacking IP

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Honeypot sensors have recorded IP addresses with most common malware used in the world today. Monitoring of the listed IP address is advised and further to: -

- 4.1 Note that most of malicious IP addresses captured are also listed as malicious IP addresses in other sources that are also observing security attacks; thus, security measures should be considered to counter act, including monitoring of the IPs in networks. Most likely the same resources might be used for further attacks.
- 4.2 Discourage usage of listed login resources (usernames and passwords) and consider deploying mechanisms to monitor login attempts.
- 4.3 Thoroughly check for suspicious files of hashes listed in **Table 2**.
- 4.4 Deploy Intrusion Detection System (IDS) and configure to flag detection of attacks associated with list of resources provided especially the IP addresses and the web requests.